TOLUENE

CAUTIONARY RESPONSE INFORMATION Common Synonyms Methylbenzene Methylbenzol Toluol Floats on water. Flammable, irritating vapor is produced. Keep people away. Shut off ignition sources and call fire department Stay upwind and use water spray to "knock down" vapor. Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Notify local health and pollution control agencies. FI AMMARI F Fire FLAWINGHEE. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus. Extinguish with dry chemical, foam, or carbon dioxide. Water may be ineffective on fire. Cool exposed containers with water CALL FOR MEDICAL AID. **Exposure** VAPOR Tritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause nausea, vomiting, headache, dizziness, difficult breathing, or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing difficult, give oxygen. LIQUID Irritating to skin and eyes. If swallowed, will cause nausea, vomiting or loss of consciousness. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water. or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING Dangerous to aquatic life in high concentrations. Water Fouling to shoreline. **Pollution** May be dangerous if it enters water intakes. Notify local health and wildlife officials. Notify operators of nearby water intakes.

1. CORRECTIVE RESPONSE ACTIONS

Contain Collection Systems: Skim

Collection Systems: Skirii Chemical and Physical Treatment: Burn Clean shore line Salvage waterfowl

2. CHEMICAL DESIGNATIONS

- 2.1 CG Compatibility Group: 32; Aromatic
- Hydrocarbon rmula: C₆H₅CH₃

- 2.6 2.7
- Formula: CeHsCHs
 IMO/UN Designation: 3.2/1294
 DOT ID No.: 1294
 CAS Registry No.: 108-88-3
 NAERG Guide No.: 130
 Standard Industrial Trade Classification: 51123

3. HEALTH HAZARDS

- 3.1 Personal Protective Equipment: Air-supplied mask; goggles or face shield; plastic gloves
- 3.2 Symptoms Following Exposure: Vapors irritate eyes and upper respiratory tract; cause dizziness, headache, anesthesia, respiratory arrest. Liquid irritates eyes and causes drying of skin. If aspirated, causes coughing, agaging, distress, and rapidly developing pulmonary edema. If ingested causes vomiting, griping, diarrhea, depressed respiration.
- 3.3 Treatment of Exposure: INHALATION: remove to fresh air, give artificial respiration and oxygen if needed; call a doctor. INGESTION: do NOT induce vorniting; call a doctor. EYES: flush with water for at least 15 min. SKIN: wipe off, wash with soap and water.
- 3.4 TLV-TWA: 50 ppm 3.5 TLV-STEL: Not listed.
- 3.6 TLV-Ceiling: Not listed.
- 3.7 Toxicity by Ingestion: Grade 2; LD₅₀ = 0.5 to 5 g/kg
- 3.8 Toxicity by Inhalation: Currently not available.3.9 Chronic Toxicity: Kidney and liver damage may follow ingestion.
- 3.10 Vapor (Gas) Irritant Characteristics: Vapors cause a slight smarting of the eyes or respiratory system if present in high concentrations. The effect is temporary.

 3.11 Liquid or Solid Characteristics: Minimum hazard. If spilled on clothing and allowed to remain, may
- cause smarting and reddening of the skin.

 3.12 Odor Threshold: 0.17 ppm
- **3.13 IDLH Value:** 500 ppm **3.14 OSHA PEL-TWA:** 200 ppm
- 3.15 OSHA PEL-STEL: 500 ppm, 10 minute peak once in 8 hour shift
- 3.16 OSHA PEL-Ceiling: 300 ppm
- 3.17 EPA AEGL: Not listed

4. FIRE HAZARDS

- 4.1 Flash Point: 55°F O.C. 40°F C.C.
- 4.2 Flammable Limits in Air: 1.27%-7%
- 4.3 Fire Extinguishing Agents: Carbon dioxide or dry chemical for small fires, ordinary foam for large fires.
- 4.4 Fire Extinguishing Agents Not to Be Used: Water may be ineffective
- 4.5 Special Hazards of Combustion Products: Not pertinent
- 4.6 Behavior in Fire: Vapor is heavier than air and may travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash
- 4.7 Auto Ignition Temperature: 896°F
- 4.8 Electrical Hazards: Class I. Group D
- 4.9 Burning Rate: 5.7 mm/min.
- 4.10 Adiabatic Flame Temperature: Currently not available
- 4.11 Stoichometric Air to Fuel Ratio: 42.8 (calc.)
- **4.12 Flame Temperature:** Currently not available
- 4.13 Combustion Molar Ratio (Reactant to Product): 11.0 (calc.)
- 4.14 Minimum Oxygen Concentration for Combustion (MOCC): N2 diluent: 9.5%

5. CHEMICAL REACTIVITY

- 5.1 Reactivity with Water: No reaction
- 5.2 Reactivity with Common Materials: No reaction
- 5.3 Stability During Transport: Stable
- 5.4 Neutralizing Agents for Acids and Caustics: Not pertinent
- 5.5 Polymerization: Not pertinent
- 5.6 Inhibitor of Polymerization: Not pertinent

6. WATER POLLUTION

- 6.1 Aquatic Toxicity: 1180 mg/l/96 hr/sunfish/TLm/fresh water
- **6.2 Waterfowl Toxicity:** Currently not available
- **6.3 Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD):** 0%, 5 days; 38% (theor), 8 days
- 6.4 Food Chain Concentration Potential:
- 6.5 GESAMP Hazard Profile:

Bioaccumulation: 0
Damage to living resources: 2
Human Oral hazard: 1
Human Contact hazard: II Reduction of amenities: XXX

7. SHIPPING INFORMATION

- 7.1 Grades of Purity: Research, reagent, nitrationall 99.8 + %; industrial: contains 94 + %, with 5% xylene and small amounts of benzene and nonaromatic hydrocarbons; 90/120: less pure than industrial.
- 7.2 Storage Temperature: Ambient
- 7.3 Inert Atmosphere: No requirement
- 7.4 Venting: Open (flame arrester) or pressure-
- 7.5 IMO Pollution Category: C
- 7.6 Ship Type: 3
- 7.7 Barge Hull Type: Currently not available

8. HAZARD CLASSIFICATIONS

- 8.1 49 CFR Category: Flammable liquid
- 8.2 49 CFR Class: 3
- 8.3 49 CFR Package Group: II
- 8.4 Marine Pollutant: No
- 8.5 NFPA Hazard Classification:

Category Classifi Health Hazard (Blue)	cation 2
Flammability (Red)	3
Instability (Yellow)	0

- 8.6 EPA Reportable Quantity: 1000 pounds
- 8.7 EPA Pollution Category: C
- 8.8 RCRA Waste Number: U220
- 8.9 EPA FWPCA List: Yes

9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL **PROPERTIES**

- 9.1 Physical State at 15° C and 1 atm: Liquid
- 9.2 Molecular Weight: 92.14
- 9.3 Boiling Point at 1 atm: 231.1°F = 110.6°C = 383.8°K
- 9.4 Freezing Point: -139°F = -95.0°C = 178.2°K
- 9.5 Critical Temperature: 605.5°F = 318.6°C = 591.8°K
- **9.6 Critical Pressure:** 596.1 psia = 40.55 atm = 4.108 MN/m²
- 9.7 Specific Gravity: 0.867 at 20°C (liquid)
- 9.8 Liquid Surface Tension: 29.0 dynes/cm = 0.0290 N/m at 20°C
- 9.9 Liquid Water Interfacial Tension: 36.1 dynes/cm = 0.0361 N/m at 25°C
- 9.10 Vapor (Gas) Specific Gravity: Not pertinent
- 9.11 Ratio of Specific Heats of Vapor (Gas): 1.089
- **9.12 Latent Heat of Vaporization:** 155 Btu/lb = 86.1 cal/g = 3.61 X 10⁵ J/kg 9.13 Heat of Combustion: -17,430 Btu/lb = -9686 cal/g = -405.5 X 10⁵ J/kg
- 9.14 Heat of Decomposition: Not pertinent
- 9.15 Heat of Solution: Not pertinent
- 9.16 Heat of Polymerization: Not pertinent
- 9.17 Heat of Fusion: 17.17 cal/g
- 9.18 Limiting Value: Currently not available 9.19 Reid Vapor Pressure: 1.1 psia

NOTES

TOLUENE

9.20 SATURATED LIQUID DENSITY		9.21 LIQUID HEAT CAPACITY		9.22 LIQUID THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY		9.23 LIQUID VISCOSITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit inch per hour-square foot-F	Temperature (degrees F)	Centipoise
-30 -20 -10 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 110 120	57.180 56.870 56.550 56.240 55.930 55.620 55.310 54.990 54.680 54.370 54.060 53.750 53.430 53.120 52.810 52.500	0 5 10 15 20 25 33 40 45 50 55 60 65 70 75 80 85 90 95 100 105 115 120 125	0.396 0.397 0.399 0.400 0.402 0.403 0.404 0.406 0.407 0.409 0.411 0.413 0.414 0.415 0.417 0.418 0.420 0.421 0.422 0.424 0.425 0.427 0.428 0.429 0.431	0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 180 190 200 210	1.026 1.015 1.005 0.994 0.983 0.972 0.962 0.951 0.940 0.929 0.919 0.908 0.897 0.886 0.876 0.865 0.854 0.843 0.833 0.822 0.811 0.800	0 5 10 15 20 25 30 40 45 50 55 60 65 70 75 80 80 95	1.024 0.978 0.935 0.894 0.857 0.821 0.788 0.757 0.727 0.700 0.673 0.649 0.625 0.603 0.582 0.562 0.544 0.526

9.24 SOLUBILITY IN WATER		9.25 SATURATED VAPOR PRESSURE		9.26 SATURATED VAPOR DENSITY		9.27 IDEAL GAS HEAT CAPACITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per 100 pounds of water	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per square inch	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F
68	0.050	0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 180 200 210	0.038 0.057 0.084 0.121 0.172 0.241 0.331 0.449 0.600 0.792 1.033 1.332 1.700 2.148 2.690 3.338 4.109 5.018 6.083 7.323 8.758 10.410	0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 180 200 210	0.00070 0.00103 0.00150 0.00212 0.00296 0.00405 0.00547 0.00727 0.00954 0.01237 0.01584 0.02007 0.02518 0.03127 0.03850 0.04700 0.05691 0.06840 0.08162 0.09675 0.11400 0.13340	0 25 50 75 100 125 150 175 200 225 250 275 300 325 350 375 400 425 450 475 500 525 550 575 600	0.228 0.241 0.255 0.268 0.281 0.294 0.306 0.319 0.331 0.343 0.355 0.367 0.378 0.389 0.400 0.411 0.422 0.432 0.443 0.453 0.462 0.472 0.482 0.491 0.500