# ETHYL ACRYLATE

# **CAUTIONARY RESPONSE INFORMATION** Common Synonyms Acrylic acid, ethyl ester Ethyl 2-propenoate Floats on water. Flammable, irritating vapor is produced Keep people away. Avoid contact with liquid and vapon Avoid inhalation. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, and rubber overclothing (including gloves). Shut off ignition sources and call fire department. Stay upwind and use water spray to "knock down" vapor. Notify local health and pollution control agencies. Protect water intakes. FI AMMARI F Fire Containers may explode in fire. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, and rubber overclothing wear goggles, seri-contained breatning apparatus, and (including gloves). Combat fires from safe distance or protected location. Extinguish with dry chemical, foam, or carbon dioxide. Water may be ineffective on fire. Cool exposed containers with water. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID. **Exposure** VAPOR Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause headache or nausea. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. LIQUID Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyellids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water. Effect of low concentrations on aquatic life is unknown. Water

Dilute and disperse Stop discharge Contain Collection Systems: Skim Salvage waterfowl

**Pollution** 

# 2. CHEMICAL DESIGNATIONS

- CG Compatibility Group: 14; Acrylate
- CG Compatibility Group: 14; AC Formula: CH₂ = CHCOOCH₂CH₃ IMO/UN Designation: 3.2/1917 DOT ID No.: 1917 CAS Registry No.: 140-88-5 NAERG Guide No.: 129P

- Standard Industrial Trade Classification: 51379

# 3. HEALTH HAZARDS

3.1 Personal Protective Equipment: Organic canister or air-supplied mask; acid goggles; impervious gloves

Fouling to shoreline.

May be dangerous if it enters water intakes.

Notify local health and wildlife officials.

Notify operators of nearby water intakes.

- mptoms Following Exposure: May cause irritation and burns of eyes and skin. Exposure to excessive vapor concentrations can also cause drowsiness accompanied by nausea, headache, or extreme irritation of the respiratory tract.
- 3.3 Treatment of Exposure: INHALATION: remove victim to fresh air and administer artificial respiration if necessary. SKIN AND EYES: wash for 15 min. with copious quantities of water. Call a physician.
- 3.4 TLV-TWA: 5 ppm 3.5 TLV-STEL: Not listed.

- 3.6 TLV-Ceiling: 15 ppm. 3.7 Toxicity by Ingestion: Grade 2;  $LD_{50} = 0.5$  to 5 g/kg (rat)
- 3.8 Toxicity by Inhalation: Currently not available.3.9 Chronic Toxicity: Repeated exposure may develop sensitivity.
- 3.10 Vapor (Gas) Irritant Characteristics: Vapor is moderately irritating such that personnel will not usually tolerate moderate or high vapor concentrations.
- 3.11 Liquid or Solid Characteristics: Causes smarting of the skin and first-degree burns on short exposure and may cause secondary burns on long exposure.
- 3.12 Odor Threshold: 0.00024 ppm
- 3.13 IDLH Value: 300 ppm 3.14 OSHA PEL-TWA: 25 ppm
- 3.15 OSHA PEL-STEL: Not listed.
- 3.16 OSHA PEL-Ceiling: Not listed.
- 3.17 EPA AEGL: Not listed

## 4. FIRE HAZARDS

- 4.1 Flash Point: 44°F O.C.
- 4.2 Flammable Limits in Air: 1.8%-9.5% (calc.)
- 4.3 Fire Extinguishing Agents: Dry chemical, foam or carbon dioxide
- 4.4 Fire Extinguishing Agents Not to Be Used: Not pertine
- 4.5 Special Hazards of Combustion Products: Toxic and irritating vapors generated when heated.
- 4.6 Behavior in Fire: Vapor is heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. May polymerize and cause container to explode
- 4.7 Auto Ignition Temperature: 721°F
- 4.8 Electrical Hazards: Currently not available
- 4.9 Burning Rate: 4.3 mm/min.
- 4.10 Adiabatic Flame Temperature: Currently not available
- 4.11 Stoichometric Air to Fuel Ratio: 28.6 (calc.)
- 4.12 Flame Temperature: Currently not available
- 4.13 Combustion Molar Ratio (Reactant to Product): 9.0 (calc.)
- 4.14 Minimum Oxygen Concentration for Combustion (MOCC): Not listed

## 5. CHEMICAL REACTIVITY

- 5.1 Reactivity with Water: No reaction
- 5.2 Reactivity with Common Materials: No
- 5.3 Stability During Transport: Stable
- 5.4 Neutralizing Agents for Acids and Caustics: Not pertinent
- 5.5 Polymerization: May occur; exclude moisture, light; avoid exposure to high temperatures; store in presence of air.
- 5.6 Inhibitor of Polymerization: 13-17 ppm monomethyl ether of hydroquinone

## 6. WATER POLLUTION

- 6.1 Aquatic Toxicity: 12 ppm/24 hrs/brine shrimp/TLm
- 6.2 Waterfowl Toxicity: Currently not
- **6.3 Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD):** 66% of theoretical in 5 days, freshwater, acclimated seed
- Food Chain Concentration Potential:
- 6.5 GESAMP Hazard Profile: Bioaccumulation: T Damage to living resources: 3 Human Oral hazard: 2 Human Contact hazard: | Reduction of amenities: X

## 7. SHIPPING INFORMATION

- 7.1 Grades of Purity: Currently not available
- 7.2 Storage Temperature: Currently not available
- 7.3 Inert Atmosphere: Currently not available
- 7.4 Venting: Currently not available
- 7.5 IMO Pollution Category: A
- 7.6 Ship Type: 2
- 7.7 Barge Hull Type: 3

## 8. HAZARD CLASSIFICATIONS

- 8.1 49 CFR Category: Flammable liquid
- 8.2 49 CFR Class: 3
- 8.3 49 CFR Package Group: II
- 8.4 Marine Pollutant: Yes
- 8.5 NFPA Hazard Classification:

Category Classification Health Hazard (Blue)........ 2 Flammability (Red)..... 3 Instability (Yellow).....

- 8.6 EPA Reportable Quantity: 1000 pounds
- 8.7 EPA Pollution Category: C
- 8.8 RCRA Waste Number: U113
- 8.9 EPA FWPCA List: Not listed

## 9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL **PROPERTIES**

- 9.1 Physical State at 15° C and 1 atm: Liquid
- 9.2 Molecular Weight: 100.12
- 9.3 Boiling Point at 1 atm: 211.3°F = 99.6°C = 372.8°K
- 9.4 Freezing Point: -98°F = -72°C = 201°K
- 9.5 Critical Temperature: 534.2°F = 279°C =
- 9.6 Critical Pressure: 544 psia = 37 atm = 3.7 MN/m
- 9.7 Specific Gravity: 0.923 at 20°C (liquid)
- 9.8 Liquid Surface Tension: 25 dynes/cm = 0.025 N/m at 20°C
- 9.9 Liquid Water Interfacial Tension: (est.) 40 dynes/cm = 0.04 N/m at 20°C
- 9.10 Vapor (Gas) Specific Gravity: Not pertinent 9.11 Ratio of Specific Heats of Vapor (Gas):
- 9.12 Latent Heat of Vaporization: 149 Btu/lb = 82.9 cal/g = 3.47 X 10<sup>5</sup> J/kg
  9.13 Heat of Combustion: -11,880 Btu/lb =
- $-6600 \text{ cal/g} = -276.3 \text{ X } 10^5 \text{ J/kg}$
- 9.14 Heat of Decomposition: Not pertinent
- 9.15 Heat of Solution: Not pertinent
- 9.16 Heat of Polymerization: -335 Btu/lb = -186  $cal/q = -7.79 \times 10^5 J/kg$ 9.17 Heat of Fusion: Currently not available
- 9.18 Limiting Value: Currently not available
- 9.19 Reid Vapor Pressure: 1.4 psia

NOTES

# **ETHYL ACRYLATE**

9.20 SATURATED LIQUID DENSITY		9.21 LIQUID HEAT CAPACITY		9.22 LIQUID THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY		9.23 LIQUID VISCOSITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit inch per hour-square foot-F	Temperature (degrees F)	Centipoise
35 40 45 50 55 60 65 70 75 80 85 90 95	58.940 58.750 58.560 58.370 58.370 57.980 57.7980 57.600 57.410 57.220 57.030 56.840 56.650 56.460	35 40 45 50 55 60 65 70 75 80 85 90 95 100 105 115 125 135 140	0.441 0.443 0.444 0.446 0.448 0.449 0.451 0.453 0.454 0.456 0.458 0.459 0.461 0.463 0.464 0.466 0.468 0.468 0.469 0.471 0.473 0.474 0.476	0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 180 190 200 210	1.275 1.257 1.239 1.221 1.203 1.185 1.167 1.149 1.131 1.114 1.096 1.078 1.060 1.042 1.024 1.006 0.988 0.970 0.952 0.934 0.916 0.899	35 40 45 50 55 60 65 70 75 80 85 90 95	0.742 0.712 0.684 0.658 0.633 0.609 0.587 0.566 0.547 0.528 0.510 0.493 0.477 0.462

9.24 SOLUBILITY IN WATER		9.25 SATURATED VAPOR PRESSURE		9.26 SATURATED VAPOR DENSITY		9.27 IDEAL GAS HEAT CAPACITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per 100 pounds of water	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per square inch	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F
68	2.000	40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 180 200 210	0.221 0.308 0.423 0.574 0.770 1.023 1.346 1.752 2.261 2.893 3.670 4.621 5.775 7.165 8.831 10.810 13.160 15.930	40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 180 200 210	0.00412 0.00563 0.00759 0.01011 0.01332 0.01736 0.02242 0.02869 0.03638 0.04575 0.05709 0.07069 0.08692 0.10610 0.12880 0.15530 0.18610 0.22180	0 25 50 75 100 125 125 125 125 225 225 225 225 225 225	0.243 0.253 0.262 0.272 0.281 0.290 0.299 0.308 0.317 0.326 0.333 0.351 0.359 0.368 0.375 0.383 0.391 0.391 0.398 0.406 0.413 0.420 0.427 0.434 0.440