# PENTABORANE

### CAUTIONARY RESPONSE INFORMATION Common Synonyms Liauid Colorless Strong sour milk (9)-Pentaboron nonahydride odor Ignites when exposed to air. Floats on water KEEP PEOPLE AWAY. AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID AND VAPOR Evacuate Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, and rubber overclothing (including gloves). Shut off ignition sources and call fire department. Evacuate area in case of large discharge. Notify local health and pollution control agencies. Protect water intal IGNITES WHEN EXPOSED TO AIR. Fire Water may be ineffective on fire. DO NOT USE WATER OR FOAM ON FIRE. DO NOT USE WATER ON ADJACENT FIRES. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID. HAZARD IS FROM PRODUCTS OF COMBUSTION. Exposure VAPOR POISONOUS IF INHALED. Move victim to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED OR IF SKIN IS EXPOSED. Irritating to eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS OR HAVING CON-VULSIONS, do nothing except keep victim warm Effect of low concentrations on aquatic life is unknown. Water May be dangerous if it enters water intake Notify local health and wildlife officials. Notify operators of nearby water intakes. Pollution

1. CORRECTIVE RESPONSE ACTIONS Dilute and disperse Stop discharge Clean shore line	2. CHEMICAL DESIGNATIONS 2.1 CG Compatibility Group: Not listed. 2.2 Formula: BaHe 2.3 IMO/UN Designation: 4.2/1380 2.4 DOT ID No.: 1380 2.5 CAS Registry No.: 19624-22-7 2.6 NAERG Guide No.: 135 2.7 Standard Industrial Trade Classification: 52495				
3. HEALTH HAZARDS					

Personal Protective Equipment: Self-contained breathing apparatus or air-line mask; goggles or face shield; rubber gloves and protective clothing 3.1

- 3.2 Symptoms Following Exposure: Inhalation of low concentrations causes dizziness, blurred vision. ptoms Following Exposure: Inhalation of low concentrations causes dizaness, blurred vision, nausea, fatigue, light headedness or nervousness; higher concentrations also cause abnormal muscular contractions or twitching of any part of the body, difficult breathing, poor muscular conditions, imperfect articulation of speech, convulsions, and (rarely) coma. Contact with liquid causes severe irritation of eyes and irritation of skin (acute local inflammation with the formation of small bitsers, redness and swelling). Can be absorbed through the skin. Compound cannot be swallowed, because it is spontaneously flammable in air.
- 3.3 Treatment of Exposure: Get medical attention following all exposures to this compound. INHALATION: remove victim to fresh air; watch for delayed symptoms for 1-2 days. EYES: wash with copious quantities of water for at least 30 min., holding eyelids apart to insure thorough flushing. SKIN: wash immediately with scap and water; rinse affected area with a 3% ammonia solution followed by additional flushing withwater.
- 3.4 TLV-TWA: 0.005 ppm
- 3.5 TLV-STEL: Not listed.
- 3.6 TLV-Ceiling: 0.015 ppm
- 3.7 Toxicity by Ingestion: Grade 4; LD<sub>50</sub> <50 mg/kg 3.8 Toxicity by Inhalation: Currently not available.
- 3.9 Chronic Toxicity: Currently not available

3.10 Vapor (Gas) Irritant Characteristics: Vapors cause moderate irritation such that personnel will find high concentrations unpleasant. The effect is temporary.
3.11 Liquid or Solid Characteristics: Currently not available

- 3.12 Odor Threshold: 0.8 ppm
- 3.13 IDLH Value: 1 ppm.
- 3.14 OSHA PEL-TWA: 0.005 ppm 3.15 OSHA PEL-STEL: Not listed.
- 3.16 OSHA PEL-Ceiling: Not listed.
- 3.17 EPA AEGL: Not listed

## 4. FIRE HAZARDS

- 4.1 Flash Point: Not pertinent (ignites spontaneously in
- air) 4.2 Flammable Limits in Air: 0.42%-98% 4.3 Fire Extinguishing Agents: Preferably shut off leak and let fire burn; extinguish with dry chemical or carbon dioxide.
- 4.4 Fire Extinguishing Agents Not to Be Used: Halogenated hydrocarbons, water
- Special Hazards of Combustion Products: Toxic fumes may be formed.
- 4.6 Behavior in Fire: Tends to reignite. Contact with water applied to adjacent fires produces flammable hydrogen gas.
- Auto Ignition Temperature: Spontaneously flammable if impure. Approx. 35°C when pure.
- 4.8 Electrical Hazards: Not pertinent
- 4.9 Burning Rate: Not pertinent
- 4.10 Adiabatic Flame Temperature: Currently not available
- 4.11 Stoichometric Air to Fuel Ratio: 28.6 (calc.)
- 4.12 Flame Temperature: Currently not available
- 4.13 Combustion Molar Ratio (Reactant to Product): 7.0 (calc.)
- 4.14 Minimum Oxygen Concentration for Combustion (MOCC): Not listed

#### 5. CHEMICAL REACTIVITY

- 5.1 Reactivity with Water: Reacts slowly to form flammable hydrogen gas. Reaction is not hazardous unless water is hot or unless confined.
- 5.2 Reactivity with Common Materials: Corrosive to natural rubber, some synthetic rubber some greases and some
- lubricants 5.3 Stability During Transport: Stable below
- 302°F 5.4 Neutralizing Agents for Acids and Caustics: Not pertinent
- 5.5 Polymerization: Not pertinent
- 5.6 Inhibitor of Polymerization: Not pertinent
  - 6. WATER POLLUTION
- 6.1 Aquatic Toxicity: Currently not available
- 6.2 Waterfowl Toxicity: Currently not available
- 6.3 Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD): Currently not available
- 6.4 Food Chain Concentration Potential:
- None 6.5 GESAMP Hazard Profile: Not listed

# 7. SHIPPING INFORMATION

- 7.1 Grades of Purity: Technical; 95+%; Hi-Purity: 99+%
- 7.2 Storage Temperature: Cool ambient 7.3 Inert Atmosphere: Inerted with dry nitrogen
- 7.4 Venting: Safety relief
- 7.5 IMO Pollution Category: Currently not available
- 7.6 Ship Type: Currently not available
- 7.7 Barge Hull Type: Currently not available

- 8. HAZARD CLASSIFICATIONS
- 8.1 49 CFR Category: Spontaneously Combustib
- 8.2 49 CFR Class: 4.2
- 8.3 49 CFR Package Group: |
- 8.4 Marine Pollutant: No.
- 8.5 NFPA Hazard Classification:
  - Flammability (Red)..... Δ Instability (Yellow) ...... 2
- 8.6 EPA Reportable Quantity: Not listed.
- 8.7 EPA Pollution Category: Not listed.
- 8.8 RCRA Waste Number: Not listed
- 8.9 EPA FWPCA List: Not listed

## 9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL

- PROPERTIES 9.1 Physical State at 15° C and 1 atm: Liquid 9.2 Molecular Weight: 63.2 **9.3 Boiling Point at 1 atm:** 137.1°F = 58.4°C = 331.5°K 9.4 Freezing Point: -52.2°F = -46.8°C = 224.6°K
- 9.5 Critical Temperature: 440.6°F = 227°C = 500 2°K
- 9.6 Critical Pressure: 570 psia = 38 atm = 3.9 MN/m<sup>2</sup>
- 9.7 Specific Gravity: 0.623 at 20°C (liquid)
- 9.8 Liquid Surface Tension: 20.8 dynes/cm = 0.0208 N/m at 25°C
- 9.9 Liquid Water Interfacial Tension: Not
- 9.10 Vapor (Gas) Specific Gravity: 2.2
- 9.11 Ratio of Specific Heats of Vapor (Gas): 1.0399
- 9.12 Latent Heat of Vaporization: 219 Btu/lb = 122 cal/g = 5.10 X 10<sup>5</sup> J/kg
- 9.13 Heat of Combustion: -29,100 Btu/lb = -16,200 cal/g = -677 X 10<sup>5</sup> J/kg
- 9.14 Heat of Decomposition: Not pertinent
- 9.15 Heat of Solution: Not pertinent
- 9.16 Heat of Polymerization: Not pertinent
- 9.17 Heat of Fusion: Currently not available
- 9.18 Limiting Value: Currently not available
- 9.19 Reid Vapor Pressure: Currently not
- available

NOTES

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9.20 SATURATED LIQUID DENSITY		9.21 LIQUID HEAT CAPACITY		9.22 LIQUID THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY		9.23 LIQUID VISCOSITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit inch per hour-square foot-F	Temperature (degrees F)	Centipoise
35 40 45 50 55 60 65 70 75 80 85 90 95 100	39.920 39.770 39.620 39.460 39.110 39.160 39.010 38.850 38.700 38.550 38.400 38.240 38.090 37.940	-20 -15 -10 -5 0 5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 55 60 65 70 75 80 85	0.488 0.492 0.496 0.500 0.504 0.508 0.513 0.525 0.529 0.529 0.533 0.538 0.532 0.550 0.554 0.554 0.554 0.554 0.557 0.575	-20 -15 -10 -5 0 5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 55 60 65 70 75	1.071 1.066 1.057 1.053 1.048 1.044 1.039 1.035 1.030 1.026 1.021 1.017 1.012 1.008 1.003 0.999 0.994 0.990 0.985	35 40 45 50 55 60 65 70 75 80 85 90 95 90 95 100 100 110 115 120	0.398 0.385 0.372 0.361 0.350 0.329 0.319 0.310 0.301 0.285 0.278 0.270 0.263 0.257 0.250 0.244

9.24 SOLUBILITY IN WATER		9.25 SATURATED VAPOR PRESSURE		9.26 SATURATED VAPOR DENSITY		9.27 IDEAL GAS HEAT CAPACITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per 100 pounds of water	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per square inch	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F
	I N S O L U B L E R E A C T S	55 60 65 70 75 80 80 85 90 95 100 105 110 115 120 125 130 135 140 145 155	1.812 2.063 2.344 2.657 3.004 3.389 3.815 4.285 4.802 5.372 5.997 6.682 7.431 8.249 9.140 10.110 11.170 12.310 13.550 14.890 16.340	55 60 65 70 75 80 80 80 90 95 100 105 110 115 120 125 130 135 140 145 155	0.02072 0.02338 0.02850 0.02953 0.030897 0.04123 0.04589 0.05097 0.05651 0.06253 0.06906 0.07613 0.08378 0.09204 0.1050 0.12090 0.13190 0.13190 0.13650	90 100 110 120 130 140 160 170 180 190 200 210 220 230 240 250 260	0.838 0.846 0.855 0.864 0.873 0.882 0.899 0.908 0.917 0.925 0.934 0.943 0.952 0.961 0.952 0.961 0.978 0.987