CAUTIONARY RESPONSE INFORMATION

Common Synonyms Carbolic acid Hydroxybenzene Phenic acid Phenyl hydroxide

Solid crystals; or watery liquid

White solid, or light pink

Sweet tarry odor 4.2 Flammable Limits in Air: 1.7%-8.6%

liauid

May float or sink, and mixes slowly with water.

Keep people away. AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID AND SOLID.
Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, and rubber overclothing Veel goggles, each contained breathing apparatus (including gloves). Call fire department. Evacuate area in case of large discharge. Notify local health and pollution control agencies.

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING

Notify operators of nearby water intakes

Combustible.
POISONOUS GASES ARE PRODUCED IN FIRE. Fire Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, and rubber overclothing (including gloves). Extinguish with water, carbon dioxide, dry chemical, or foam. exposed containers with wate CALL FOR MEDICAL AID. Exposure LIQUID OR SOLID POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED. Will burn skin and eyes. Will burn skin and eyes.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Flush affected areas with plenty of water.

IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.

IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water.

HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS. May be dangerous if it enters water intakes. Notify local health and wildlife officials.

1. CORRECTIVE RESPONSE ACTIONS

Water

Pollution

Dilute and disperse Stop discharge Collection Systems: Pump; Dredge Do not burn

2. CHEMICAL DESIGNATIONS

- CG Compatibility Group: 21; Phenol, cresol
- Formula: C₆H₅OH
- 2.3 2.4

- IMO/UN Designation: 9.0/1671
 DOT ID No.: 1671
 CAS Registry No.: 108-95-2
 NAERG Guide No.: 153
 Standard Industrial Trade Classification:
- 51241

3. HEALTH HAZARDS

- 3.1 Personal Protective Equipment: Fresh-air mask for confined areas; rubber gloves; protective clothing; full face shield.
- 3.2 Symptoms Following Exposure: Will burn eyes and skin. The analgesic action may cause loss of pain sensation. Readily absorbed through skin, causing increase in heart rate, convulsions, and
- 3.3 Treatment of Exposure: INHALATION: if victim shows any ill effects, move him to fresh air, keep him arment of Exposure: INPLEATION: Invicant shows any line intensits, now find the intensity, keep film quiet and warm, and call a doctor immediately; if breathing stops, give artificial respiration. INGESTION: do NOT induce vomiting: give milk, egg whites, or large amounts of water and call doctor immediately; no known antidote; treat the symptoms. EYES: immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 min.; continue for another 15 min. if doctor has not taken over. SKIN: immediately remove all clothing while in a shower and wash affected area with abundant flowing water or soap and water for at least 15 min.; clean clothing thoroughly or discard.
- 3.4 TLV-TWA: 5 ppm 3.5 TLV-STEL: Not listed
- 3.6 TLV-Ceiling: Not listed.
- 3.7 Toxicity by Ingestion: Grade 2; LD₅₀ = 0.5 to 5 g/kg (rat)
- 3.8 Toxicity by Inhalation: Currently not available.
- 3.9 Chronic Toxicity: Carcinogenic in laboratory animals
- 3.10 Vapor (Gas) Irritant Characteristics: Vapors cause moderate irritation such that personnel will find high concentrations unplesant. The effect is temporary.
- 3.11 Liquid or Solid Characteristics: Fairly severe skin irritant; may cause pain and second- degree burns after a few minutes' contact.
- 3.12 Odor Threshold: 0.05 ppm 3.13 IDLH Value: 250 ppm
- 3.14 OSHA PEL-TWA: 5 ppm
- 3.15 OSHA PEL-STEL: Not listed.
- 3.16 OSHA PEL-Ceiling: Not listed.
- 3.17 EPA AEGL: Not listed

4. FIRE HAZARDS

- 4.1 Flash Point: 185°F O.C. 175°F C.C.
- 4.3 Fire Extinguishing Agents: Water fog, foam, carbon dioxide, or dry chemical
- 4.4 Fire Extinguishing Agents Not to Be Used: Not pertinent
- 4.5 Special Hazards of Combustion **Products:** Toxic and irritating vapors are generated when heated.
- 4.6 Behavior in Fire: Yields flammable vapors when heated which will form explosive mixtures with air.
- 4.7 Auto Ignition Temperature: 1319°F
- 4.8 Electrical Hazards: Not pertinent
- 4.9 Burning Rate: 3.5 mm/min.
- **4.10 Adiabatic Flame Temperature:** Currently not available
- 4.11 Stoichometric Air to Fuel Ratio: 33.3
- **4.12 Flame Temperature:** Currently not available
- 4.13 Combustion Molar Ratio (Reactant to Product): 9.0 (calc.)
- 4.14 Minimum Oxygen Concentration for Combustion (MOCC): Not listed

5. CHEMICAL REACTIVITY

- 5.1 Reactivity with Water: No reaction
- 5.2 Reactivity with Common Materials: No reaction
- 5.3 Stability During Transport: Stable
- 5.4 Neutralizing Agents for Acids and Caustics: Not pertinent
- 5.5 Polymerization: Not pertinent
- 5.6 Inhibitor of Polymerization: Not pertinent

6. WATER POLLUTION

- 6.1 Aquatic Toxicity: 11.5-28.5 mg/l/96 hr/bluegill/TLm/fresh
 - 1.5 ppm/48 hr/rainbow trout/TLm/fresh
- 6.2 Waterfowl Toxicity: Currently not available
- 6.3 Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD): 200%, 5 days
- 6.4 Food Chain Concentration Potential:
- GESAMP Hazard Profile: Bioaccumulation: 0
- Damage to living resources: 2 Human Oral hazard: 2 Human Contact hazard: || Reduction of amenities: XX

7. SHIPPING INFORMATION

- 7.1 Grades of Purity: 90-99% (solid), 60-85% (liquid). Technical: 82-92% (contains cresols)
- 7.2 Storage Temperature: Ambient
- 7.3 Inert Atmosphere: No requirement
- 7.4 Venting: Pressure-vacuum 7.5 IMO Pollution Category: B
- 7.6 Ship Type: 2
- 7.7 Barge Hull Type: 1

8. HAZARD CLASSIFICATIONS

- 8.1 49 CFR Category: Poison
- 8 2 49 CFR Class: 6 1 8.3 49 CFR Package Group: II
- 8.4 Marine Pollutant: No.
- 8.5 NFPA Hazard Classification:

Category Classi Health Hazard (Blue)..... Classification Flammability (Red)..... 2 Instability (Yellow)..... 0

- 8.6 EPA Reportable Quantity: 1000 pounds
- 8.7 EPA Pollution Category: C
- 8.8 RCRA Waste Number: U188
- 8.9 EPA FWPCA List: Yes

9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL **PROPERTIES**

- 9.1 Physical State at 15° C and 1 atm: Solid or liquid
- 9.2 Molecular Weight: 94.11
- **9.3 Boiling Point at 1 atm:** 359.2°F = 181.8°C = 455.0°K
- 9.4 Freezing Point: 105.6°F = 40.9°C = 314.1°K
- 9.5 Critical Temperature: 790.0°F = 421.1°C = 694.3°K
- 9.6 Critical Pressure: 889 psia = 60.5 atm = 6.13 MN/m²
- 9.7 Specific Gravity: 1.058 at 41°C (liquid)
- 9.8 Liquid Surface Tension: 36.5 dynes/cm = 0.0365 N/m at 55°C
- 9.9 Liquid Water Interfacial Tension: (est.) 20 dynes/cm = 0.02 N/m at 42°C
- 9.10 Vapor (Gas) Specific Gravity: Not pertinent
- 9.11 Ratio of Specific Heats of Vapor (Gas):
- 9.12 Latent Heat of Vaporization: 130 Btu/lb = 72 cal/g = 3.0 X 10⁵ J/kg 9.13 Heat of Combustion: -13.400 Btu/lb =
- -7,445 cal/g = -311.7 X 10⁵ J/kg
- 9.14 Heat of Decomposition: Not pertinent
- 9.15 Heat of Solution: Not pertinent 9.16 Heat of Polymerization: Not pertinent
- 9.17 Heat of Fusion: Currently not available
- 9.18 Limiting Value: Currently not available 9.19 Reid Vapor Pressure: 0.3 psia

NOTES

PHENOL

| 9.20 SATURATED LIQUID DENSITY | | 9.21 LIQUID HEAT CAPACITY | | 9.22 LIQUID THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY | | 9.23 LIQUID VISCOSITY | |
|---|--|---|--|-------------------------------------|--|---|---|
| Temperature (degrees F) | Pounds per cubic foot | Temperature (degrees F) | British thermal unit per pound-F | Temperature (degrees F) | British thermal unit inch per hour-square foot-F | Temperature (degrees F) | Centipoise |
| 110 115 120 125 130 135 140 145 155 160 165 170 175 180 185 190 200 205 210 | 65.870 65.719 65.559 65.410 65.250 65.099 64.940 64.790 64.629 64.469 64.309 64.160 63.840 63.670 63.510 63.510 63.520 62.860 62.690 | 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 | 0.561 | 122 | 1.113 | 110 115 120 125 135 135 140 145 155 160 165 170 175 | 4.302 3.929 3.594 3.292 3.021 2.775 2.554 2.353 2.171 2.005 1.855 1.718 1.593 1.479 |

| 9.24 SOLUBILITY IN WATER | | 9.25 SATURATED VAPOR PRESSURE | | 9.26 SATURATED VAPOR DENSITY | | 9.27 IDEAL GAS HEAT CAPACITY | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|---|--|---|
| Temperature (degrees F) | Pounds per 100 pounds of water | Temperature (degrees F) | Pounds per square inch | Temperature (degrees F) | Pounds per cubic foot | Temperature (degrees F) | British thermal unit per pound-F |
| 68 | 8.400 | 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 180 190 200 210 220 230 240 250 260 270 280 290 310 320 | 0.012 0.017 0.024 0.034 0.048 0.066 0.091 0.123 0.165 0.220 0.289 0.378 0.490 0.629 0.802 1.016 1.278 1.596 1.982 2.446 3.002 3.663 4.446 5.370 6.453 7.718 | 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 180 190 200 210 220 230 240 250 260 270 280 290 310 320 | 0.00019 0.00027 0.00039 0.00054 0.00074 0.00100 0.00135 0.00188 0.00238 0.00311 0.00661 0.00836 0.01050 0.01311 0.01624 0.02409 0.02449 0.02980 0.03607 0.04342 0.05200 0.06197 0.07350 0.08679 | 0 25 50 75 100 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 | 0.224 0.237 0.250 0.262 0.274 0.286 0.297 0.309 0.319 0.330 0.341 0.351 0.360 0.370 0.379 0.388 0.397 0.405 0.414 0.422 0.429 0.436 0.444 0.450 0.457 |